London Industry Seminar CRREM-ERES

Stranding Risk

2nd Panel: Decarbonisation targets and risk disclosure

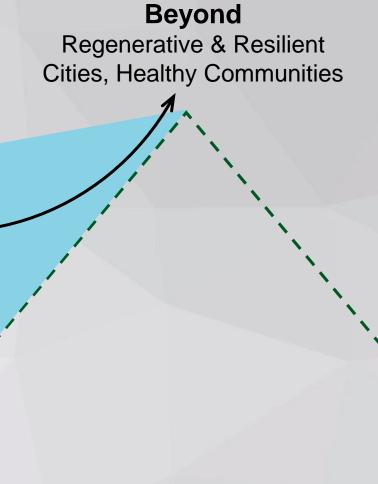


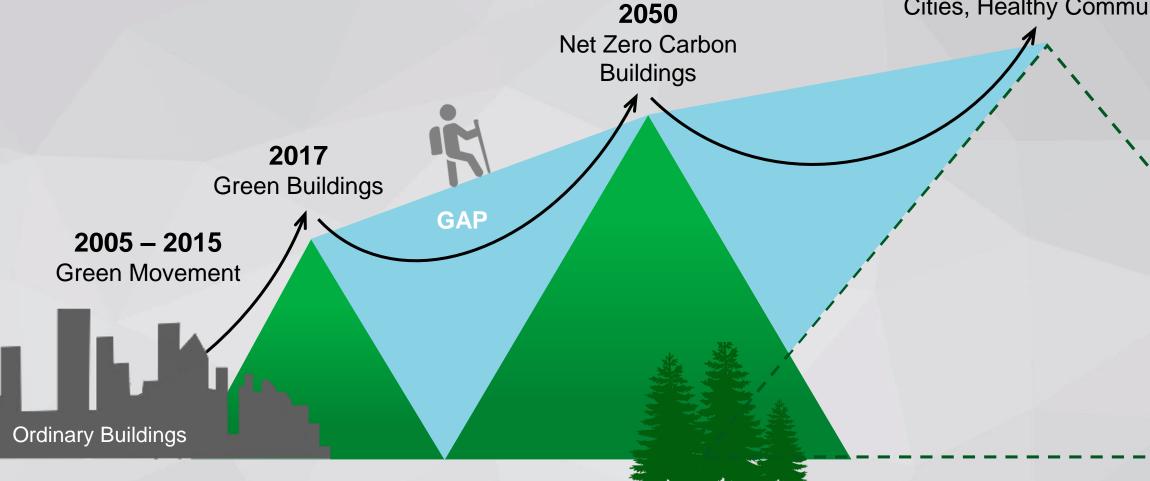
Decarbonisation: The built environment's efforts beyond policy

4 September 2020



GREEN BUILDING MOVEMENT





1990 - 2015 Rapid Urbanisation





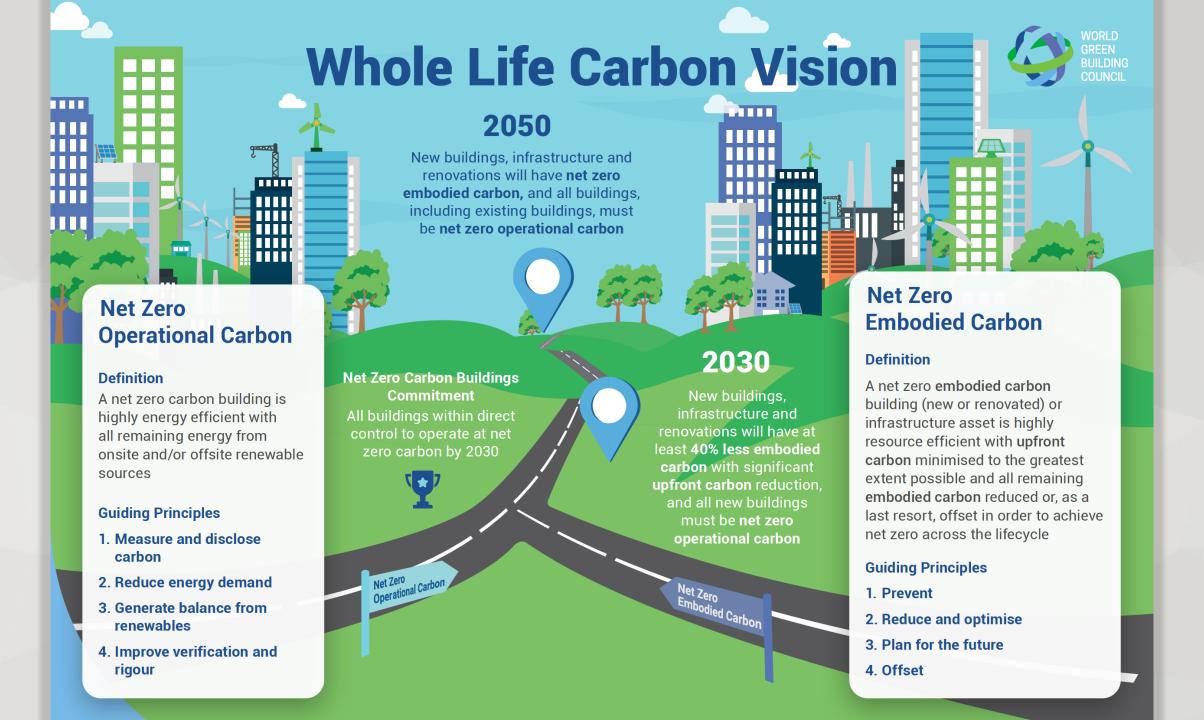


A global campaign to accelerate uptake of Net Zero Carbon Buildings to 100% by 2050

Project targets

- Increase awareness and education of the urgency and achievability of net zero carbon buildings
- Achieve alignment and commonality between GBC approaches and certification schemes
- To expedite uptake in global markets by sharing market leadership examples





Around the world in Advancing Net Zero



WORLD

GREEN

BUILDING COUNCIL

GBC NET ZERO CARBON BUILDINGS SCHEMES AND PROGRAMMES: A COMPARISON



available

- whole life'

The response of GBC certification schemes and programmes to the principles set out in the Advancing Net Zero infographic are shown here:

GBC	Alliance HQE- GBC	DutchGBC	CaGBC	GBC Brasil	GBCA	GBCSA	SwedenGBC	DGNB	IndianGBC	USGBC	UKGBC	
COUNTRY	France	Netherlands	Canada	Brazil	Australia	South Africa	Sweden	Germany	India	USA	UK	
SCHEME	E+C- (new buildings)	'Paris Proof concept	Zero Carbon Standard	Zero Energy Standard	Green Star Innovation Challenges	Net Zero & Net Positive labels	NollCO ₂	Framework for carbon neutral buildings & sites	Zero Energy Standard	LEED Zero	Framework definition	
\$	Based on full lifecycle carbon analysis (LCA)	Annual verified consumption data	Annual verified zero carbon operational emissions balance	Annual verified net zero energy balance	Annual verified consumption data	Zero carbon operational emissions balance, re- certify every 3 years	Annual net zero operational carbon with regular verification	Annual verified net zero carbon balance	Annual verified net zero energy balance	Annual verified net zero carbon emissions from energy consumption and occupant transportation	Annual verified net zero operational energy carbon balance	
	Between 5-40% minimum energy reduction, dependent on building type and 2012 French thermal regulation	66% energy consumption reduction compared to the 2015 sector energy intensity averages	Heating energy efficiency targets set (Thermal Energy Demand Intensity) for each climate zone Report Energy Use Intensity; report peak demand	If 100% onsite renewable energy, no additional requirements If using offsite renewable energy, energy efficiency requirements set beyond ASHRAE	30% more energy efficient than baseline building	Energy efficiency prioritised via deemed to satisfy criteria before onsite renewables, offsite renewables or offsets can be considered	40% improvement of energy performance than local code (BREEAM SE) 35% reduction beyond ASHRAE (LEED Gold); or local scheme	Minimum energy requirements by energy code	Reduce Energy Performance Index Ratio against local baseline	Achieve energy performance LEED criteria for targeted performance level	Prioritise energy efficiency and energy use reductions, with energy use intensity targets to be included in future	
4	Onsite renewable energy requirements for levels Energy 3 >100% energy demand for Energy 4	Onsite renewables included in net-consumption data Offsite renewables to account for remaining 33% demand	At least 5% of energy demand met by onsite renewable energy; offsite allowed with specific eligibility requirements Offsets not permitted	Onsite allowed, commercial buildings can use RECs for maximum 10% of energy demand Offsets not permitted	Onsite and offsite renewable energy allowed Any remaining non-electricity related CO ₂ emissions to be offset annually	Offsite renewable energy and CO ₂ offsets only allowed if demand reduction requirements are met	Repayment of embedded and annual carbon debt through approved offset policies, e.g. onsite /offsite energy production from renewable energy sources	Generate as much renewable energy onsite as feasible	Meet annual energy demand through both onsite and offsite renewable energy sources	Achieve energy generation LEED criteria for targeted performance level	Prioritise onsite renewables and offsite renewables with additionality Offset remaining carbon	
	Certification is based on LCA covering embodied carbon and construction processes in addition to building energy	Future revision to include embodied carbon	Report on embodied CO ₂ of structural and envelope building materials	Future revision to include embodied carbon	Scope also includes refrigerants, waste-to-landfill and water consumption Embodied carbon also	Additional labels recognise net zero and positive water, waste and ecological impacts	Cap on initial embedded carbon from production of materials and from construction and installation on site	Either operational emissions or operational plus embodied emissions of whole life cycle	Future versions to include waste, waste and carbon	Project must be LEED certified (any level) LEED Zero Water and Waste also	Embodied carbon included under 'net zero carbon – construction' Future scope for 'net zero carbon	

addressed

and water

"Ambition Loops" support bolder climate action from business and governments



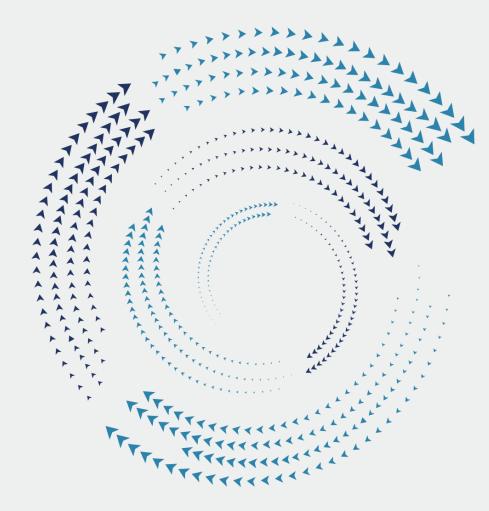




Government Climate Policy

- ▲ Clear, ambitious targets and policy
- ▲ Predictable regulatory environment
- ▲ Incentives and infrastructure
- ▲ Long-term market signals

- Support for research, development, and deployment
- ▲ Clear plans and timelines for full transition to a zero-carbon economy





Business Climate Action

- Ambitious, sciencebased targets
- Public updates on progress
- ▲ Investments and growth strategies aligned with a zero-carbon future
- ▲ Commercial demand for zero-carbon energy, zero-carbon transportation and zero-carbon land use
- Responsible policy engagement (individually and through trade associations)

Net Zero Carbon Buildings Commitment







to an advanced trajectory for all new and existing buildings within direct control of the organisation to operate at net zero carbon by 2030; regulate and/or advocate for all buildings to operate at net zero by 2050



DISCLOSE

and assess annual asset and portfolio energy demand and carbon emissions



ACT

to reduce emissions by developing and implementing a decarbonisation roadmap outlining key actions and milestones towards energy efficiency and renewable energy



VERIFY

enhanced energy performance, reduced carbon emissions and progress towards net zero carbon assets and portfolio



ADVOCATE

for wider emissions reduction by acting as a catalyst through core organisation activities for further action within respective supply chains

Net Zero Carbon Buildings Commitment







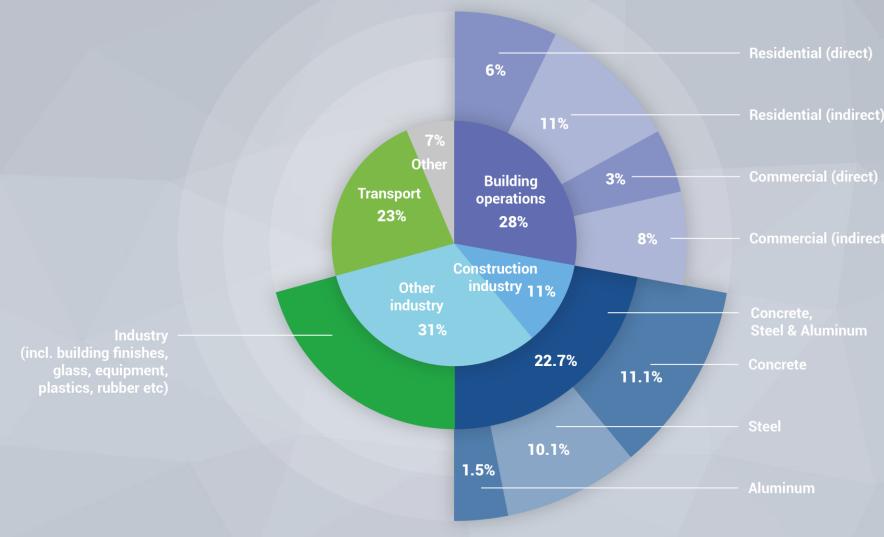






Sector Emissions





WLC
Commitment
Pathway
coming Q4 2020



Thank you!

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GLOBAL PROJECT FUNDERS



